

**STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF THE MEMBERS OF THE NON-ALIGNED
MOVEMENT THAT ARE STATES PARTIES TO THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS
CONVENTION AND CHINA**

**DELIVERED BY H.E. MR. FIKRAT AKHUNDOV, PERMANENT
REPRESENTATIVE OF THE REPUBLIC OF AZERBAIJAN TO THE OPCW
AT THE TWENTY-FIFTH SESSION OF THE CONFERENCE OF THE STATES
PARTIES**

30 November – 4 December 2020

Mr. Chairperson, Excellencies, Distinguished Delegates,

I have the honor to deliver this Statement on behalf of the Member States of the Non-Aligned Movement that are States Parties to the Chemical Weapons Convention and China (NAM CWC States Parties and China),

At the outset, we would like to welcome you, Ambassador José Antonio Zabalgaitia Trejo of Mexico as the Chairperson of the Twenty-Fifth session of the Conference of the States Parties and express our confidence in your leadership to steer this Conference to a successful conclusion.

We also wish to take this opportunity to appreciate the Chairperson of the Twenty-Fourth Session of the Conference of the States Parties, Ambassador Krassimir Kostov of Bulgaria. We wish to thank the Director-General, H.E. Fernando Arias for his comprehensive report. The Group conveys its appreciation for the OPCW staff for their dedication to the implementation of the Organization's noble objectives.

The Non-Aligned Movement celebrates this year the 65th anniversary of the Bandung Conference and adoption of its Founding Principles, which stand at the core of the Movement and reflect its founding commitments and aspiration. We believe at the milieu of current challenges, including COVID-19 pandemic posed to international community, Bandung Principles have become even more relevant and important today. In this regard, we call for intensified international cooperation and concerted multilateral efforts to tackle the global challenges together, inter alia, by exchanging information, scientific knowledge and best practices; as well as equitable access to safe, affordable, quality vaccines and medicines for COVID-19.

In these challenging times of COVID-19 pandemic, the NAM CWC States Parties and China underscore the importance for the OPCW and all States Parties to continue the implementation of the Convention in a manner which would not impede its role in the

economic and technological development of the States Parties, especially in the fields of International Cooperation and Assistance.

While we stress that ensuring the full application of the Rules of Procedure of the OPCW in its entirety shall be strictly observed, at the same time we note with serious concern that COVID-19 has caused challenges for hosting the Twenty-Fifth Session of the Conference of the States Parties. Whilst we take note of the exceptional nature of the modalities adopted for the holding of this Conference and emphasize the right of the States Parties in full conformity with Rules of Procedure to follow and participate actively in its work without any discrimination, we emphasize that such modalities should be regarded as exceptional and not create any precedent for the future. Hence, upon the termination of these special circumstances arising from the risk of the spread of COVID-19, all modalities agreed to be applied exceptionally, shall cease to be valid.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China recall the creation of a Coordination Mechanism to revitalize existing facilitations, and reiterate its call on the Chairperson of the Executive Council, in his role as head of this Mechanism, to redouble efforts aimed at advancing the full and effective implementation of all aspects of the CWC in a balanced and non-discriminatory manner and to explore ways and means for the revitalization of all facilitations, in line with the position paper of the NAM CWC States Parties and China dated 4th October 2019.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China attach great importance to the universality of the Chemical Weapons Convention and in this regard, strongly urge the non-parties to the Convention to ratify or accede to it without any further delay or preconditions, and emphasize that those non-parties should not derive any benefit therefrom.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China reiterate their long-standing principled position toward the achievement of general and complete disarmament, under strict and effective international control, including the prohibition and elimination of all weapons of mass destruction. In this regard, we underline that the existence and proliferation of weapons of mass destruction continue to pose a significant threat to international peace and security. We further underline that full, effective and non-discriminatory implementation of the Convention contributes to regional and international peace and security.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China stress that the use of chemical weapons and toxic chemicals as weapons anywhere by anyone and under any circumstances is reprehensible and completely contrary to the provisions of the Convention, legal norms and standards of the international community. We also reaffirm that those responsible for the use of chemical weapons must be held accountable.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China condemn the use of chemical weapons by terrorist groups. Deeply concerned about the use or threat of use by such groups, we request the Technical Secretariat to investigate, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Convention, all reports on the use or threat of use of chemical weapons by such groups and keep the States Parties informed accordingly.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China express their deep concern regarding any attempt to accuse States Parties of using chemical weapons on the basis of unsubstantiated allegations made by media reports or any other open sources, including non-governmental entities. This trend can cause a dangerous precedent in the future work of the OPCW.

Noting with serious concern that the final extended deadline of 29 April 2012 for the destruction of chemical weapons was not met by certain possessor States Parties, the NAM CWC States Parties and China stress that the destruction of chemical weapons is the fundamental and top priority of the Organization and urge the only remaining possessor State Party to expedite all necessary measures to ensure its compliance with the provisions of the Convention and relevant decisions of the policy-making organs (PMOs).

The NAM CWC States Parties and China stress that the destruction of old chemical weapons and abandoned chemical weapons should be completed in the shortest possible time in accordance with the Convention and relevant decisions adopted by the PMOs.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China stress that further efforts should be made to complete destruction of chemical weapons on the territory of China, abandoned by Japan as soon as possible and to address challenges including ensuring the safety of people and protecting the environment in accordance with the Convention and the Council decision (EC-67/DEC.6) as amended by the Council at its Eighty-Fourth Session, according to the destruction plan beyond the year 2016, jointly submitted by Japan and China. The NAM CWC States Parties and China take note of the impact of COVID-19 on the destruction of chemical weapons on the territory of China, abandoned by Japan, and encourage China and Japan to continue communicating closely to make sure the relevant work is advanced safely and smoothly.

Recalling the decisions of the Executive Council with respect to the elimination and destruction of the Syrian chemical weapons, and the destruction of the Syrian chemical weapons production facilities, the NAM CWC States Parties and China welcome the substantive efforts made and progress achieved in this regard. We welcome the Director General's reports on the completion of the destruction of all Chemical

Weapons and Chemical Weapon Production Facilities, declared by the Syrian Arab Republic. We look forward to the continuation of successful cooperation existing between the OPCW and the Syrian Arab Republic on all issues.

We take note of the work done so far by the Fact-Finding Mission (FFM) and look forward to receiving its reports on its ongoing activities. We expect the approach followed by the FFM teams would be uniform and consistent.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China consider that Article XI is one of the core objectives of the OPCW and attach great importance to the full, effective, and non-discriminatory implementation of all provisions of this Article in a manner which avoids hampering the economic or technological development of States Parties, and international cooperation in the field of chemical activities for purposes not prohibited under this Convention, including the international exchange of scientific and technical information and chemical and equipment for the production, processing or use of chemicals for purposes not prohibited under this Convention. We also emphasize the need to strengthen and expedite efforts in the economic and technological development of the States Parties.

We also underline the importance of the promotion of international cooperation for the benefit of States Parties through the transfer of technology, material and equipment for peaceful purposes in the field of chemistry and removal of any discriminatory restrictions such as unilateral coercive measures against other States Parties that are contrary to the letter and spirit of the Convention, affect the Convention's long term viability, and have an adverse impact on the existing level of trust among the States Parties.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China recognize that the Annual Review and Evaluation Workshop for the Components of an Agreed Framework for the Implementation of Article XI is a useful platform to develop concrete measures and recommendations to ensure the full, effective and non-discriminatory implementation of this Article. In this regard, to achieve further improvement, we call for a reinvigoration of this Workshop, to ensure it meets this important purpose. We welcome the active participation of State Parties during the Annual Review and Evaluation Workshop held on 02 November 2020 and request the Article XI Facilitator to report on the ideas that emerged, and on activities held during the intersessional period to be reflected in the report of the Twenty-Fifth Session of the Conference of the States Parties. We also request the Secretariat to provide a comprehensive report on the gaps and challenges on the effective implementation of decision C-16/DEC.10, dated 1 December 2011.

We appreciate the efforts made so far by the Article XI Facilitator and encourage him to continue inclusive outreach and constructive dialogue with all States Parties. In pursuance of the proposal to establish the Drafting Committee, within the facilitation framework of Article XI, to streamline the list of ideas that emerged from the above-mentioned review and evaluation workshops, we encourage early commencement of the work of the Drafting Committee. It would help prompt evaluation and implementation of these ideas. We encourage all regional groups to nominate participants for the Drafting Committee to ensure early beginning of its work.

We reiterate that a comprehensive discussion in the PMOs on the implementation of the decision C-16/DEC.10, dated 1 December 2011 is the effective way to formulate an OPCW strategy for the full, effective and non-discriminatory implementation of Article XI. In this regard, we strongly call on all States Parties and the Technical Secretariat to take into consideration also the NAM & China proposals (C-12/NAT.1, dated 6 November 2007) on the implementation of Article XI of the Convention, including the Plan of Action.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China emphasize that the PMOs of the OPCW should preserve and allocate substantial financial, technical and human resources in implementation of International Cooperation activities, considering national and regional needs and realities, challenges of the developing States Parties, as well as current situation of global pandemic.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China commend the progress achieved under the four (4) previous Phases of the Programme to Strengthen Cooperation with Africa. We welcome the commencement of the Fifth Phase of this Programme, and look forward to attaining further accomplishments within the eight (8) identified objectives, as reported in the Note of the Director General C-25/DG.9, dated 10 September 2020. To guarantee its sustainability, the NAM CWC States Parties and China underline the importance of funding all aspects of this Programme under the regular budget of the OPCW.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China express their support for the project to upgrade the current OPCW Laboratory to an OPCW Centre for Chemistry and Technology to strengthen science and technology capabilities of the Technical Secretariat in responding to the threat of chemical weapons, as well as to support capacity building in the States Parties. We, therefore, encourage States Parties to support the establishment of the Centre as appropriate, and urge that its modalities and mandate be considered and adopted by the PMOs. We also stress the importance of transparency and efficiency in the establishment as well as the future work of the Centre.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China stress the need for all States Parties to fully implement their obligations under Article X. We urge States Parties and in particular those in a position to do so, to contribute to the Voluntary Fund for Assistance to ensure the ability of the Technical Secretariat to develop a state of readiness to provide timely, adequate, and effective assistance to respond to the increasing demand of States Parties.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China pay profound respect to victims of chemical weapons and their families, and in light of the decision adopted by the Conference of the States Parties at its Sixteenth Session (C-16/DEC. 13, dated 2 December 2011), appreciate the States Parties for their contribution to the Trust Fund for the International Support Network for Victims of Chemical Weapons and urge all the States Parties to actively contribute to the Trust Fund. We underline that insufficient contribution to the Voluntary Fund for Assistance will considerably limit the capacity of the OPCW to provide the essential medicines and necessary medical assistance to the victims of chemical weapons.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China would like to draw CSP's attention to the new challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic. In this regard, the vulnerability of the chemical weapon's victims to COVID-19 requires specific and urgent assistance of all States Parties in particular the developed countries. Furthermore, the NAM CWC States Parties and China underline that taking into account specific situation of the victim of chemical weapons and the need to help to alleviate adverse impact of COVID -19 on the victims of chemical weapons, the Scientific Advisory Board (SAB) could play an important role in this regard.

NAM CWC States Parties and China underline the responsibility of the States Parties and Technical Secretariat of the OPCW to assist the victims of chemical weapons and to coordinate and deliver to them the needed equipment, materials and medicines, in accordance with Article X. We are of the view that any restrictions, including unilateral measures, imposed by some States Parties against other States Parties, which impede assistance to the victims of Chemical Weapons, are contrary to the letter and spirit of the Convention.

NAM CWC States Parties and China urge States Parties to take concrete measures including, inter alia by providing materials and equipment-related assistance available to those States Parties which are in need, without any restriction. In this regard, we welcome the recent efforts by the Director General for his good offices to facilitate assistance to the victims of chemical weapons. In order to reach a positive outcome on

this matter, we encourage the Director General to continue and intensify his efforts and inform the CSP about the latest developments.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China encourage States Parties and the Technical Secretariat to continue providing appropriate, effective and tailor-made technical assistance and support to States Parties in enhancing their national capacities and in carrying out their national implementation measures in the context of Article VII and provide the necessary financial support to do so. We firmly believe that Article VII Obligations necessitate full and effective measures by all States Parties to implement all provisions of the Convention and encourage the States Parties to continue working towards this end.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China re-emphasize that the employment of personnel in the Technical Secretariat must be fair and transparent and stress that it shall be in accordance with Article VIII, paragraph 44, of the Convention. It is imperative that the Technical Secretariat ensures an equitable geographical and gender balance at all professional levels of the Organization. We consider one of the most effective ways to achieve this objective is for the Technical Secretariat to devise as soon as possible appropriate modalities of a funded internship and Junior Professional Officer Programme, which will enable candidates from developing regions, to have easier access to professional positions in the Technical Secretariat.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China take note with appreciation the continuing efforts to promote gender equity within the OPCW and call for enhanced cooperation to promote the role of women and girls in the peaceful use of chemistry.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China reiterate that the discussions on the Draft Decision on the OPCW Advisory Body on Administrative and Financial Matters Rules of Procedure (ABAF) should be conducted in an open and inclusive manner, avoiding issues that may lead to politicization and polarization. Bearing in mind that the ABAF is an open-ended body without decision making powers, the NAM CWC States Parties and China hold the view that every State Party has the right to nominate expert it deems qualified and appropriate as a member of the ABAF. We consider that broad geographical distribution and composition of experts with diversified backgrounds will benefit the functioning of the ABAF.

The NAM CWC States Parties and China call for addressing the issue of Aerosolized Use of Central Nervous System (CNS)-acting chemicals for law-enforcement purposes through dialogue and consensus, which is important, in a comprehensive and

constructive manner, to be considered in accordance with the Chemical Weapons Convention.

In conclusion Mr. Chairperson,

The NAM CWC States Parties and China encourage States Parties to work in the spirit of goodwill and cooperation for the successful conclusion of this session. We reiterate that the practice of consensus-based decision-making by the PMOs is the right approach for achieving the object and purpose of the Convention. We urge all States Parties to neither polarize nor politicize the work of the Organization. We further reaffirm the centrality of the PMOs in the evaluation and implementation of all issues related to the Convention, in accordance with their respective mandates.

Thank you.